Welcome



Urban Logistics Thematic Group, 27 Jan 2022

Time	Contents	Speaker/Moderator
14:00 – 14:05	Connection and Warm Up - online coffee together	ALL
14:05 – 14:15	Introduction & objectives of the meeting: The five intervention areas identified and next steps	Charlotte Migne, FM Logistic (Chair of the Group)
14:15 – 14:35	Smart governance & regulations Example on Develop and manage shared spaces (curb side management): the FlexCURB project the MORE project	Paola Cossu, FIT Consulting Hernan Mejía, Urban Radar Francesco Ripa, POLIS
14:35 – 15:00	Clean & alternative fleet Example on integrating clean fleet with access control: the TOKEN project Example on new business modes for small and clean fleet: The ULaads project	Magnus Blinge, SCANIA Domien Stubbe, VIL
15:00 – 15:20	Logistics operation & Purpose oriented data acquisition and sharing - The HITS2024 project - The Swedish National Logistic Data Lab	Magnus Blinge, SCANIA Clara Wallin, CLOSER
15:20 – 15:35	Consumer engagement - Examples from Proximus	Hans Schurmans, Proximus
15:35 – 15:50	Call for sharing best practices and lessons learnt & discussion on next steps	Hans Schurmans, Proximus
15:50 – 16:00	ALICE Innovation Award on Urban Logistics	Paola Cossu, FIT Consulting
16:00	Adjourn	

ALICE Urban Logistics Thematic Group



Charlotte MIGNE

Group Sustainable Development

Director





Hans Schurmans
Logistics operations Director





Paola COSSU

C.E.O. and Shareholder





Magnus Blinge Research Manager







Raffaele Vergnani





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Illiance for ogistics Innovation hrough Collaboration Europe









Cities-Regions and Companies working together

Guide for advancing towards zero-emission urban logistics by 2030

Vision

- ✓ Lead transformation in cities so urban freight
- ✓ Logistics is proactively responding to the pollution, congestion, safety and environmental challenges.

Objectives

- ➤ Ensure a strong strategic dialogue between business & cities to share practices and facilitate collaboration
- Define common goals and build consensus to prioritize topics
- Accelerate deployment of solutions towards sustainable zero emissions urban freight and logistics









Cities-Regions and Companies working together

Guide for advancing towards zero-emission urban logistics by 2030

5 intervention areas identified

- ✓ Smart governance & regulations
- ✓ Clean & alternative fleet & energy
- ✓ Logistics operations
- ✓ Purpose oriented data acquisition and sharing
- √ Consumer engagement

• In 2022

- > Disseminate the guide and improve it
- > Sharing best practices and lessons learnt
- > Be informed with new initiatives
- > Deepen and broaden knowledge and filling gaps
- > Facilitate collaboration

Solutions & intervention areas





- Sustainable Urban Logistics Plans (SULPs) and emission reduction targets
- Measures incentivising the transition
- Smart management of access regulations and controlled speed areas
- Public Procurement of sustainable services
- Develop and manage shared spaces (curb side management)
- Co-creation with key stakeholders



- New business models for the adoption of electric/FCEV vans and trucks, cargo bikes
- Acceleration of product/vehicle development
- Energy storage and e-charging infrastructure
- Small EVs, cargo bikes and walking carrier
- Autonomous vehicles (drones and robots)



- Freight flows consolidation strategies
- Consolidation centres/hubs & micro-hubs
- Decoupling transport and delivery (Pick up points, lockers)
- Flexible time and off peak deliveries
- Workers welfare, safety and skills



Purpose oriented data acquisition and sharing

- Embracing the value of data driven urban freight
- Establish data governance models for urban freight data
- Pan European urban freight data spaces: data sharing principle and protocols
- Achieve information-based policies and decision making
- Fast-track dynamic planning and access to urban spaces/resources



Consumer engagement

- Increase consumer awareness
- Develop sustainable delivery choices and proper management of returns.
- Meet actual consumer expectations: Sustainability is a must!





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- Local authorities need to understand the flows per type of activity and have skilled staff working on logistics, so they can bring factual and objective arguments supporting measures.
- 2. Companies need to collaborate and define common needs and concepts to be considered by local authorities.
- 3. **Medium- and long-term plans** facilitate companies to adapt and are highly desirable
- 4. Courage is needed as interventions may change the dynamics of the urban logistics ecosystem.
- The more local authorities advance in **developing consistent targets and implementing harmonized practices** (vehicle access regulation, low and zero emissions zones & vehicle access types definitions, access processes, curb side management, etc.) the **easier** will be **for companies to answer and meet the requirements**.
- 6. Strategic collaboration frameworks among cities and companies (e.g. POLIS & ALICE) is essential. Linking to EU countries' governments and the European Commission is instrumental to accelerate transition.
- 7. For any Governance or Regulation measure in place, **enforcement is key**.
- 8. Stakeholders' involvement is key to ensure governance models are workable and functional.





Clean & alternative fleet

- New business models for the adoption of electric/FCEV vans and trucks, cargo bikes
- Acceleration of product/vehicle development.
- Large scale deployment of energy storage and e-charging infrastructure
- Cargo bikes and walking carrier
- Drones and autonomous vehicles

- . Alternative fleet operation needs to be affordable (TCO and RoI principles apply).
- 2. More intensive use of electric vehicles results in better economics than with traditional vehicles.
- 3. Business models with low usage of vehicles and means may need to be restructured.
- 4. It is of critical importance to address infrastructure needs for the different types of vehicles and flows. Upgrading the electricity grid reaching the depots to ensure night recharging is feasible enables electrification at scale.
- 5. Small electric vehicles and cargo bikes may increase speed and delivery quality in some segments, but it is not always the best solution.
- 6. Vans and trucks continue to play and important role in the system.
- 7. Inland waterways could play a bigger role for city freight distribution as well as robots and drones: they may have niche markets and be in the pool of solutions but there is no evidence they can support the objectives mainstream.





Logistics operations

- Freight flows consolidation strategies
- Consolidation centres/hubs & microhubs
- Decoupling transport and delivery (Pick up points, lockers)
- Flexible time and off peak and night deliveries
- Worker's welfare, safety and skills

- 1. **Zero Emissions delivery solutions** (beyond vehicles) need to be **competitive in costs to be** sustainable in time
- 2. Consolidation and sharing must be the norm for urban freight and logistics.
 - → Support and implement **physical internet concepts**;
 - → **Development and application of new models of collaboration** addressing different flows, B2B & B2C hybridization, multi-industries reverse flows.
 - → Companies' leadership and public support (e.g., easing implementation, incentives, access regulations) are essential to implementing these models.
 - → Consolidation centres are needed to shorten last mile delivery distances, enable consolidation and the use of low/zero emissions vehicles.
- 3. Decoupling transport and delivery operations
 - → Parcel lockers, pickup points and other unattended delivery solutions will play a central role.
 - → Make use of **off-peak deliveries** as much as possible
- 4. Possibly, limiting quick delivery to only strict necessary goods
- 5. Fragmentation of flows (e-commerce) and the need to transition to zero emission modes may boost the need for consolidation and decoupling transport and delivery.
- 6. Training of drivers and ensuring responsible labour conditions are essential to ensure eco driving and safe operations improve the environment, health and safety of citizens and workers





Purpose oriented data acquisition and sharing

- Embracing the value of data driven urban freight
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- Achieve information-based policies and decision making
- Fast-track dynamic planning and access to urban spaces/resources

- 1. For cities, implementing well developed information-based policies and decision-making processes should be at the core of the city's vision.
- 2. Cities support (digital and non-digital) interaction and data sharing with companies for managing and optimizing logistics processes: transport access regulation, curb side and traffic management, etc.
- 3. Companies collaborate and share information and data with cities fluently, complying with regulations required to seamlessly arrange logistics activities: access to specific zones, delivery windows, comply with access regulations, access to loading and unloading spaces, access to traffic and city status information, etc.
- 4. Companies and cities jointly build and exchange experience in purpose-oriented data acquisition and sharing, and work towards a governance model based on that experience.
- 5. Cities and companies collaborating in the urban domain embrace overarching and pan-European data sharing principles and catch up with experiences and initiatives in other domains (Ports, Customs, etc.).





Consumer engagement

- Increase consumer awareness
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- Meet actual consumer expectations: Sustainability is a must!

- 1. **Price is the main factor for decision** following by **time** in terms of consumer delivery preferences.
- 2. Consumers do not receive sufficient information on the implications of their delivery choices in regards of sustainability.
- 3. **Sustainability information works.** When information on sustainability is provided, there is a positive impact on consumers decision (e.g. longer lead times have a positive impact on sustainability)
- 4. Retailers may positively contribute to the process by offering proper information and providing different alternatives for urban delivery.

Conclusion



- ✓ Collaboration between all public and private sectors will allow us to achieve a more sustainable, intelligent and productive distribution of goods in our cities.
- ✓ To do this, it is essential and necessary to take advantage of technological advances.

Working together as in this document will make us stronger to achieve a more sustainable, intelligent and productive distribution of goods in our cities!

Let's hear some examples





- Sustainable Urban Logistics Plans
 (SULPs) and emission reduction targets
- Measures incentivising the transition
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- Co-creation with key Stakeholders

FlexCURB project to enhance last-mile operations in 4 European cities



MORE project to explore experimental options such as flexible use of kerb space & dynamic allocation of road space to accommodate different functions





Clean & alternative fleet



- New business models for the adoption of electric/FCEV vans and trucks, cargo bikes
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TOKEN project to integrate access control with use of clean vehicles for last mile delivery in smart cities



Ulaads project to replace vans with specialised lastmile delivery vehicles (e.g. electric cargo bikes)





Logistics operations



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- Flexible time and off peak and night deliveries
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HITS 2024 project is a cooperative initiative across a number of industries to develop efficient transport solutions and create cleaner and safer cities





Purpose oriented data acquisition and sharing

Alliance for Logistics Innovation through Collaboration in Europe

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Logistics Data Lab to make the value of data sharing visible and develop frameworks and policies around standards, ethics and law to facilitate data sharing.



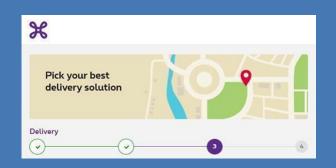


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Proximus's story: create consumer awareness and influence delivery choices



Thank you!

